

INSTALLATION AND OPERATING MANUAL

100W Cx-Band Hub-mount SOLID STATE POWER BLOCK UP-CONVERTER (SSPB) SSPBM-CX100-CSE

PM 1R0-HN83A0-3NXC, Rev. 2



WARRANTY

This Advantech Wireless product is warranted against defects in material and workmanship for a period of 2 years from date of shipment. During the warranty period, Advantech Wireless will, at its option, either repair or replace products that will prove to be defective.

To return a product for warranty or repair service, you must first request a Return Material Authorization (RMA) number by contacting Advantech Wireless at:

Phone:(514) 420-0045orFax: (514) 420-0073Website:www.advantechwireless.come-mail: support@advantechwireless.com

The unit should be shipped to the following address, in original shipping container (box), with shipping charges prepaid.

Advantech Wireless 657 Orly Avenue Dorval, Quebec H9P 1G1 CANADA

Please indicate the RMA number on all shipping documentation.

Units shipped without prior issued RMA, or shipped not in original packing, may be subject of rejection and returned at sender's own expense.

LIMITATIONS OF WARRANTY

Advantech Wireless warrants this product to be free of materials and workmanship defects.

The foregoing warranty shall not apply to defects resulting from improper handling or abuse by the Buyer, unauthorized modification, operation outside of the environmental specifications for the product, or improper installation or maintenance.

Advantech Wireless shall not be liable for any direct, indirect, special, incidental or consequential damages.



CONTENTS

| 1. | SAFETY | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|
| 2. | GENERAL INFORMATION | | | |
| 2.1 | INTRODUCTION | | | |
| 2.2 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2.3 | DESCRIPTION | | | |
| 3. | UNPACKING AND INSTALLATION17 | | | |
| 3.1 | INITIAL INSPECTION17 | | | |
| 3.2 | UNPACKING17 | | | |
| 3.3 3. 3. 3. 3. | INSTALLATION173.1Mechanical Installation3.2Electrical Connections3.3RF Connections3.4Cooling Considerations | | | |
| 4. | INTERFACES | | | |
| 4.1 | SYSTEM CONTROL CONNECTOR (RS-485 RS-232) | | | |
| 4.2 | RELAY INTERFACE | | | |
| 4.3 | REDUNDANT INTERFACE | | | |
| 4.4 | LED | | | |
| 4.5 | RF OUTPUT MONITOR INTERFACE | | | |
| 5. | PRE POWER AND CHECKOUT23 | | | |
| 5.1 | PRE-POWER PROCEDURES | | | |

SSPBM-CX100-CSE

| | 551 DW-CAT | 00-CSE |
|------------------------------|--|----------------------------|
| 6. | MAINTENANCE | 24 |
| 6.1 6. 6. | PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE 1.1 Mechanical Preventive Maintenance 1.2 Checking the Cooling Fans | 24 24 24 |
| 7. | RS-232 SERIAL COMMUNICATION | 25 |
| 7.1 | HAND-HELD TERMINAL | 25 |
| 7.2 | RS-232 PC TERMINAL | 27 |
| 8. | RS-485 SERIAL COMMUNICATION | 35 |
| 9. | PACKING LIST | 36 |
| 10. | SAFETY AND EMC COMPLIANCE | 37 |
| 11. | APPENDIX A: RS-485 SERIAL COMMUNICATION PROTOCOL | |
| 11.1 | INTRODUCTION | |
| 11.2 | FRAME STRUCTURE | |
| 11.3 | COMMANDS | 39 |
| 11.4 11 11 11 | RESPONSES TO COMMANDS FROM SLAVE TO MASTER4.1Condition Status Response4.2Read Identification Response4.3Read GAIN/ATTENUATION Range Response | 40 40 41 41 |
| 12. | APPENDIX B: RS-485 SKYWAN SERIAL COMMUNICATION PROTOCO | DL42 |
| 12.1 | HARDWARE CONSIDERATIONS | 42 |
| 12.2 | RS-485 INTERFACE ON 4 WIRES | 42 |
| 12.3 12 12 12 12 | TRANSMISSION PROTOCOL2.3.1Transmission Interface2.3.2Command Message Structure (IDU to SSPB)2.3.3Response Message Structure (SSPB to IDU)2.3.4Data Field Definitions | 42 43 44 45 45 |

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FIGURES

| FIGURE 1: PRODUCT OUTLINE | . 11 |
|---|------|
| FIGURE 2: BLOCK DIAGRAM | . 12 |
| FIGURE 3: CONNECTORS | . 15 |
| FIGURE 4: HAND-HELD TERMINAL HELP MENU | . 25 |
| FIGURE 5: HAND-HELD TERMINAL STATUS MENU | . 26 |
| FIGURE 6: HYPERTERMINAL RS-232 COMMUNICATION – HELP COMMAND AND RESPONSE | . 28 |
| FIGURE 7: HYPERTERMINAL RS-232 COMMUNICATION - STATUS COMMAND AND RESPONSE | . 29 |
| FIGURE 8: HYPERTERMINAL RS-232 COMMUNICATION – HELP RF, RF AND RF OFF COMMANDS | |
| AND RESPONSES | . 30 |
| FIGURE 9: HYPERTERMINAL RS-232 COMMUNICATION - HELP ATT, ATT, GAIN AND ATT <valu< td=""><td>JE></td></valu<> | JE> |
| COMMANDS AND RESPONSES | . 31 |
| FIGURE 10: HYPERTERMINAL RS-232 COMMUNICATION – HELP GAIN, GAIN, ATT AND GAIN | |
| <value> COMMANDS AND RESPONSES</value> | . 32 |
| FIGURE 11: HYPERTERMINAL RS-232 COMMUNICATION – "HELP BAUD" AND "BAUD RS232" | |
| COMMANDS AND RESPONSES | . 33 |
| FIGURE 12: HYPERTERMINAL RS-232 COMMUNICATION – "HELP RS485", "RS485 ASCII" AND | |
| "rs485 binary" commands and responses | . 34 |
| FIGURE 13: GRAPHICAL USER INTERFACE (GUI) - RS-485 COMMUNICATION BASED ON RS-483 | 5 |
| PROTOCOL | . 35 |
| | |



TABLES

| TABLE 1: ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS | 13 |
|---|----|
| TABLE 2 : MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS | 14 |
| TABLE 3: POWER REQUIREMENTS | 14 |
| TABLE 4: ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS | 14 |
| TABLE 5: CONNECTORS | 16 |
| TABLE 6 : AC LINE (J5) – PIN ASSIGNMENTS. | 16 |
| TABLE 7: SYSTEM CONTROL (RS232 RS485) – PIN ASSIGNMENTS | 20 |
| TABLE 8: RELAY INTERFACE – PIN ASSIGNMENT | 21 |
| TABLE 9: SERIAL INTERFACE RS-232 CONNECTION INFORMATION | 27 |
| TABLE 10: PACKING LIST (P/N 19R-3171A0-3NXC) | 36 |
| TABLE 11: COMMANDS | 39 |
| TABLE 12: CONDITION STATUS RESPONSE | 40 |
| TABLE 13: READ IDENTIFICATION RESPONSE | 41 |
| TABLE 14: READ GAIN/ATTENUATION RANGE RESPONSE | 41 |
| TABLE 15: COMMAND MESSAGE STRUCTURE | 44 |
| TABLE 16: RESPONSE MESSAGE STRUCTURE | 45 |
| | |



1. SAFETY

In addition to this section, included by reference are the following pertinent sections of the International Standard IEC-215, 'Safety requirements for radio transmitting equipment':

Appendix D, 'GUIDANCE ON ASSESSING THE COMPETENCE OF PERSONNEL FOR DESIGNATION AS SKILLED' and also Sub-clause 3.1 of the Standard.

Appendix E, 'GUIDANCE ON SAFETY PRECAUTIONS TO BE OBSERVED BY PERSONNEL WORKING ON RADIO TRANSMITTING EQUIPMENT', also Sub-clauses 3.2, 3.7 and 22.1 of the Standard.

To prevent the risk of personal injury or loss related to equipment malfunction Advantech Wireless uses the following symbols for safety related information. For your own safety, please read the information carefully BEFORE operating the equipment.

Symbols used in this manual:

WARNING! Indicates a hazardous procedure that may result in serious injury or death, if not performed properly.

CAUTION! Indicates a dangerous procedure that may result in light-to-severe injury or loss related to equipment malfunction, if proper precautions are not taken.



------ WARNING ------

The operator cannot repair this unit. DO NOT attempt to remove the top cover or disassemble the internal components. Only qualified service technicians should service this unit. There is a risk of damaging the precision components.

------ WARNING ------

ALWAYS TERMINATE THE OUTPUT WAVEGUIDE OF THE UNIT WITH AN RF LOAD CAPABLE OF DISSIPATING FULL CW RF POWER. SIMILARLY TERMINATE THE RF INPUT PORT TO AVOID THE POSSIBILITY OF THE UNIT BEING DRIVEN BY STRAY LEAKAGE SIGNALS. Incorporate the terminations prior to applying prime power to the unit. This procedure prevents self-oscillation and irradiation from and into the local environment. If an RF source is not connected to the RF input port, the unit may go into a self-induced mode and generate high levels of RF energy. Destruction caused by an excessive load voltage standing wave ratio (VSWR) will void the warranty.

----- WARNING ------

DO NOT LOOK INTO THE RF OUTPUT PORT OF THE POWERED BLOCK UP-CONVERTER! Handle the powered SSPB with extreme care. Keep in mind that the levels of microwave radiation, which do not induce immediate physical discomfort in most individuals, can be sufficiently high to induce long term effects. The eyes are the most vulnerable parts of the body.

The maximum permissible levels of exposure are quite low in comparison to the power levels produced by the equipment built by Advantech Wireless (e.g. less than 10 mW versus 4 to 700 W delivered by the different units). The maximum permissible levels are currently being studied by a number of organizations. In the past the U.S. Safety Code established a dosage rate of 10 mW/cm². Currently, there is consideration being given to reducing the permissible level to 1 mW/cm^2 in the United States, as has been the case for several European countries.



2. GENERAL INFORMATION

2.1 INTRODUCTION

This manual contains information that describes the installation, operation and maintenance procedures for the 100-Watt CX-Band hub-mount (outdoor) Solid State Power Block Up-Converter model SSPBM-CX100-CSE. Because specialized training is required for some phases of installation and operation, certain parts of this manual are directed only to properly trained personnel. Warnings appear at the appropriate points to caution all users of the potential RF hazards.

For a safe and versatile operation, please read the information carefully BEFORE using the equipment.

Advantech Wireless has prepared this manual for use as a guide for the proper installation, operation and maintenance of Advantech Wireless equipment and computer programs. The drawings, specifications and information contained herein are the property of Advantech Wireless. Unauthorized use or disclosure of these drawings, specifications and information is strictly prohibited. They shall not be reproduced, copied or used in whole or in part as the basis for manufacturing or sale of the equipment or software programs without the prior written consent of Advantech Wireless.

2.2 DESCRIPTION

The SSPBM-CX100-CSE is a 100-Watt CX-Band hub-mount (outdoors) Solid State Power Block Up-Converter (SSPB). The entire SSPB is self-contained and is intended for mounting on to the antenna hub, see **Figure 1:** Product Outline at page <u>11</u>. It incorporates an Interface Assembly, Up-Converter Assembly, High Power Amplifier (HPA) Assembly, Power Supply Assembly and a Main Controller Board. The block diagram of the SSPB is shown in **Figure 2:** Block Diagram (page <u>12</u>) and the various connectors are shown in **Figure 3:** Connectors (page <u>15</u>).

2.2.1 POWER SUPPLY

There is only one power supply assembly in this SSPB. The power supply provides +12 V DC high current and -9 V DC low current for the SSPB. The power supply is configured for operation from 100 to 264 V AC, single phase, 47-63 Hz.

The overall power consumption, at the rated RF output power, is 500 W, typical.



2.2.2 UP-CONVERTER ASSEMBLY

The L-Band signal arriving from a modem enters the Up-Converter Assembly through a 'N-type' connector, see **Figure 3:** Connectors (page <u>15</u>). The L-Band signal (950 MHz to 1825 MHz) enters the high gain Low Noise Amplifier (LNA) and Medium Power Amplifier (MPA) stages that boost the RF power level sufficient for the transmission through the Up-Converter Assembly.

Integral to the UP-Converter Assembly is a variable attenuation section that maintains the overall gain of this module constant against changes in temperature (global temperature compensation). A temperature dependent DC voltage is sent from a temperature sensor from within the HPA Assembly through the power conditioner board to the attenuator. The amount of attenuation is varied with the change in the DC voltage.

The Up-Converter Assembly converts and amplifies the incoming L-Band carrier signal into a C-Band carrier. To achieve this requirement, this assembly contains a synthesizer, a mixer, a multiplier, two LNAs and a band-pass filter, see **Figure 2:** Block Diagram (page <u>12</u>). For this application, the Up-Converter requires the L-Band signal, which is sent to the mixer and the 10 MHz reference, which is fed into the synthesizer.

The synthesizer contains a phase-locked loop local oscillator (PLL LO), which is normally phase-locked with the incoming 10 MHz reference signal. When functioning correctly, the PLLLO generates a 4.900 GHz LO signal. The 4.900 GHz LO signal and the L-Band signal are fed into a mixer to produce the required C-Band signal. The frequency-range provided by the Up-Converter Assembly is from 5.850 GHz to 6.725 GHz.

The synthesizer also contains an out of lock protection circuitry that prevents frequency shifts from occurring to the resulting C-Band signal. When the oscillator is not phase-locked, a signal is sent to the power conditioner board within the HPA Assembly to shutdown the RF devices.

The band-pass filter removes the unwanted harmonic frequencies, allowing the C-Band signal to pass through the HPA Assembly.



2.2.3 HPA ASSEMBLY

The HPA Assembly amplifies the RF signal from the Up-Converter Assembly to a power level sufficient for transmission. Integral to this module are three HPA stages and a power conditioner board. Other functionality includes internal power conditioning and overtemperature shutdown.

2.2.4 CONTROLLER BOARD

All of the controls, input/output communication and the decision-making, with the exception of the critical module-level decision are performed by the micro-controller within the Up-Converter. The Controller Board provides through the System Control interface:

- Fault detection and indication
- Forward RF power monitoring and indication (optional)
- Temperature monitoring and indication
- ON/OFF transmit switching
- Change in the unit's address

An ALARM will be triggered when the internal temperature of the SSPB exceeds 70°C. The SSPB will continue to operate in this condition.

A FAULT signal will be sent to the user if any one of the following occurs:

- Phase-locked loop oscillator within the synthesizer is out of lock.
- The baseplate temperature exceeds 85 °C
- Any of the RF devices fails

In case of over-temperature (>85 °C), the SSPB will automatically restart when its internal temperature decreases to 60 °C.

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Figure 1: Product Outline



Figure 2: Block Diagram





2.3 SSPB SPECIFICATIONS

| TABLE 1: ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS | | |
|--|--|--|
| L-Band Input Frequency | 950 – 1825 MHz | |
| RF Output Frequency Range | 5.850 – 6.725 GHz | |
| Frequency Stability | Based upon 10 MHz External Reference | |
| RF Output Power @ 1 dB Gain Compression (P1dB) | + 49 dBm, min. (100 W saturated power) | |
| Linear Gain | 70 dB, typical | |
| Gain Flatness: over 875 MHz over 40 MHz | 4.0 dB, p-p, max 0.6 dB, max | |
| Gain Variation Over Temperature | 3 dB, p-p, over the entire bandwidth | |
| L-Band Input Impedance | 50 Ω | |
| L-Band Input VSWR | 1.29:1, max | |
| C-Band Output VSWR | 1.5:1, max | |
| Noise Power Density | - 75 dBm/Hz, max (in transmit band) - 135 dBm/Hz, max (in receive band) | |
| Spurious at rated P1dB (in-band and out of band) | - 55 dBc, max | |
| Third Order Intermodulation (two equal tones 5 MHz apart) | - 26 dBc, max @ 3 dB total back-off from rated P1dB | |
| Local Oscillator Frequency | 4.900 GHz | |
| Local Oscillator Leakage | - 20 dBm, max | |
| Output Phase Noise | C-Band Single Side Band Phase Noise (max) | |
| @ Offset 100 Hz | - 63 dBc/Hz | |
| 1 kHz | - 73 dBc/Hz | |
| 10 kHz | - 83 dBc/Hz | |
| . ≥100 kHz | - 93 dBc/Hz | |



| TABLE 2: MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS | | |
|------------------------------------|--|--|
| Physical Dimensions | See Figure 1: Product Outline (page <u>11</u>) – white paint | |
| Approximate Weight | 19.8 lbs (9 kg) | |
| Mounting holes (8) | 1/4-20, 0.40" (8 places) and #10-32 0.250" (6.35 mm) deep (4 places both sides), see Figure 1: Product Outline (page <u>11</u>) | |

| TABLE 3: POWER REQUIREMENTS | | |
|------------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| Power Requirements | 100 to 264 V AC | |
| Power Consumption | 4.5 A typical @ 110 V AC (425 W) | |

| TABLE 4: ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS | | |
|--|--|--|
| Temperature: | | |
| Non-operating (continuous exposure) | $-50^{\circ}C \text{ to } + 85^{\circ}C$ | |
| Operating (ambient) | - 30° C to + 55°C (with start-up at - 30° C) | |
| Relative Humidity: | Up to 100% relative humidity, condensing | |
| Altitude: | 10,000 feet AMSL, derated 2 °C/1,000 feet from | |
| | AMSL | |







Figure 3: Connectors

| TABLE 5: CONNECTORS | | | |
|--|--|---------------------|---------------------|
| Connector | Function | Description | Mating Connector |
| (J1) | L-Band IN (Up-converter Input) | N-Type (F) | N-Type (M) |
| (J2) | M&C Serial Interfaces RS-485 & RS-232 | MS 3112E12-10P (M) | MS 3116G12-10S (F) |
| (J3) (not available for these units) | Relay Interface | MS3112E10-6P (M) | MS3116F10-6S (F) |
| (J5) AC LINE | AC Supply (100 to 264 V AC) | MS3102R-10SL-3P (M) | MS3106F-10SL-3S (F) |
| (J6) REDUNDANCY (not available for these units) | Redundancy Interface | MS 3112E12-10P (M) | MS 3116G12-10S (F) |
| (J4) RF MON | RF Monitor | SMA-Type (F) | SMA-Type (M) |
| (J7) | OUT Waveguide Output | CPR – 137 (grooved) | CPR – 137 (flat) |

| TABLE 6 : AC LINE (J5) – PIN ASSIGNMENTS | |
|---|--------------|
| Pin | Description |
| А | PHASE (LIVE) |
| В | GROUND |
| С | NEUTRAL |



3. UNPACKING AND INSTALLATION

This Section contains instructions for the site preparation, unpacking and the installation of an SSPB.

3.1 INITIAL INSPECTION

Inspect the shipping container for damage. If the container or cushioning material is damaged, immediately contact the carrier that delivered the equipment and submit a damage report. Failure to do so could invalidate all future claims.

3.2 UNPACKING

Carefully unpack and remove all of the items from the shipping container (inspect the interior of the container for damage). Save all of the packing material until completing a visual inspection. Verify that all of the items listed on the packing list are present. Inspect all of the items for evidence of damage, which might have occurred during the shipment. If damage seems evident, immediately contact the carrier that delivered the equipment and file a claim. Failure to do so could invalidate future claims. Check the unit thoroughly for damaged or loose parts. After completing a visual inspection, proceed to the next step.

3.3 INSTALLATION

Installation of the SSPB includes the following four phases:

- Mechanical installation
- Electrical installation
- RF connections
- Cooling considerations

3.3.1 MECHANICAL INSTALLATION

The SSPB is designed for hub-mount (outdoors) applications.

Figure 1: Product Outline at page <u>11</u> shows the overall mechanical dimensions of this SSPB.



3.3.2 ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS

E Electrical connections to the SSPB consist of the prime power AC LINE applied to the AC Line Connector (J5). For the connector location, see **Figure 3:** Connectors at page <u>15</u>.

Perform the electrical connections as follows:

- Using the connector provided in the shipping kit (item 5, <u>**TABLE 10**</u> at page <u>36</u>), construct an AC Supply cable with a pin assignment as shown in <u>**TABLE 6** at page <u>16</u>.</u>
- Verify that the AC power source is turned OFF.
- Connect the SSPB to the AC power source. For the correct input voltage level refer to **TABLE 3** at page <u>14</u>.
- Turn the AC power source ON.

3.3.3 RF CONNECTIONS

The following three RF connections are provided by the SSPB:

• RF input (J1) – N-Type Female, see **Figure 3:** Connectors at page <u>15</u>. The user needs a N-Type male connector for the interface connection.

CAUTION! Beware of the destructive pin depth of the mating connector. When installing an RF mating connector with a destructive pin depth into an RF component connector, damage may occur to the RF component connector. A destructive pin depth is a connector having a pin length that is too long in respect to the reference plane of the connector. The centre pins of the connectors used by Advantech Wireless have a precision tolerance measured in mils (1/1000 inch). The mating connectors of the various suppliers may not be of precision types. Consequently, the centre pins of these devices may not have the proper depth.

- RF output (J7) CPR-137 waveguide flange (grooved), see **Figure 3:** Connectors at page <u>15</u>. The user needs a CPR-137 flat waveguide flange.
- Attach the correct RF cable with mating connector to their corresponding connector ports on the SSPB.
- If necessary, connect a power meter or a spectrum analyzer to the RF output monitor port (RF MON)
- Wrap mastic tape (item 8 of <u>TABLE 10</u> at page <u>36</u>) around all of the SSPB connectors in order to prevent water/humidity ingress, which may result in damage.
- Squeeze the tape tightly, ensuring that both ends of the tape have formed around the connector <u>and</u> the cable.

3.3.4 COOLING CONSIDERATIONS

The SSPB is forced-air cooled. The cooling fans are configured for 12 V DC operation, supplied by the main power supply of the unit. Depending on environmental conditions, the airflow opening may become obstructed by debris, reducing the efficiency of the cooling system.

NOTE: The cooling fans rotation speed is temperature dependent.

Inspect the unit periodically to ensure that the grill of the fans intake and all openings on the unit are free of any obstructions. Insufficient air-cooling will significantly impact upon the SSPB longevity.



4. INTERFACES

4.1 SYSTEM CONTROL CONNECTOR (RS-485 RS-232)

The System Control interface connector is located at port (RS232 RS485) of the SSPB. This is a 10-pin MS3112E12-10P (male) connector with pin assignments as shown in **TABLE 7** below.

Both RS-485 and RS-232 serial interfaces are for the serial interface communication link, allowing for the external monitoring and control of the SSPB.

| TABLE 7: SYSTEM CONTROL (RS232 RS485) – PIN ASSIGNMENTS | | | |
|--|----------------------|-------------|---|
| Pin | Туре | Signal Name | Description |
| А | Ground | GND | Safety ground / Shield |
| В | Output | RS-485 TX+ | RS-485 Serial transmit TX+ |
| C | Output | RS-485 TX- | RS-485 Serial transmit TX- |
| D | Input | RS-485 RX+ | RS-485 Serial receive RX+ |
| Е | Input | RS-485 RX- | RS-485 Serial receive RX- |
| F | Output | RS-232 TXD | RS-232 Serial transmit Data |
| G | Input | RS-232 RXD | RS-232 Serial receive RX- |
| Н | - | СОМ | Common |
| J | DC Voltage Source | +5 V DC | +5 V DC power source (for Hand-Held Terminal) |
| K | - | N/C | Not Connected |

4.2 RELAY INTERFACE

NOTE: This connector is not installed on these units and consequently this interface is not available.

The **Relay Interface** uses a 6-pin circular connector mounted on the Block Up-Converter enclosure. The connector type is listed in <u>TABLE 5</u> at page <u>16</u> and the location is shown in <u>Figure 3</u> at page <u>15</u>. The pin assignment for this interface is shown in <u>TABLE 8</u> at page <u>21</u>.

Pins A, B and C of the connector are of Form-C relay type outputs that provide for the user an indication informing the status of the transmission path of the SSPB unit.

Pin D and E of the connector are inputs, allowing the user to mute or un-mute the RF path of the SSPB transmission.

Pin F is disabled (not used) for these units.

CAUTION: If pin D is not connected to pin E, the transmission path will remain disabled.

| | TABLE 8 : RELAY INTERFACE – PIN ASSIGNMENT | | |
|-----|---|---|--|
| Pin | Signal Name | Description | |
| А | Tx AL-NC | Normal closed contact of the Tx ALARM Form - C relay. Pin A closed to pin B indicates ALARM in the transmission path. | |
| В | Tx AL-COM | Common contact of the Tx ALARM Form - C relay | |
| С | Tx AL-NO | Normal open contact of the Tx ALARM Form – C relay. Pin C open relative to pin B indicates ALARM in the transmission path. | |
| D | Tx MUTE | Tx MUTE command: If pin D is NOT connected to pin E, the transmission path is MUTE. If pin D is connected to pin E, the transmission path is ON. | |
| Е | MUTE-COM | Common contact of the Tx MUTE and Rx MUTE Commands | |
| F | Rx MUTE | Rx MUTE command: If pin F is NOT connected to pin E, the receiving path is MUTE. If pin F is connected to pin E, the receiving path is ON. (Not available for these units) | |

4.3 REDUNDANT INTERFACE

NOTE: This connector is not installed on these units and consequently this interface is not available.

The **Redundant Interface** connections are made with a 10-pin circular connector mounted on the SSPB enclosure. The connector type is listed in <u>TABLE 5</u> at page <u>16</u> and the location is shown in <u>Figure 3</u> at page <u>15</u>. A redundant system cable is provided with the redundancy kit that provides the interconnection between the two SSPB units and the waveguide switch in a redundant configuration.

This interface is not used for standalone units.

4.4 LED

TX: green/red LED indicating the state of the transmission path.

- If this LED is not lit, the unit is not powered (or the power supply failed).
- If this LED is RED lit, it indicates that the unit is in FAULT or ALARM condition.
- If this LED is blinking GREEN, it indicates that the unit is in MUTE state (following a MUTE command).
- If this LED is GREEN lit, it indicates that the unit is functioning properly.

4.5 RF OUTPUT MONITOR INTERFACE

This RF output sample port is located at the RF MON connector, which is mounted on the SSPB enclosure. The type of mounting connector is listed in <u>TABLE 5</u> at page <u>16</u> and the location is shown in <u>Figure 3</u> at page <u>15</u>. This interface is used for the independent monitoring of the SSPB output. A table of the coupling factor versus the frequency is provided with each unit. Note that because this port is located before the band-pass filter (BPF) the signal on this port may contain spurious signals and harmonics. This port should only be used for output power monitoring (via an external power meter) or should be kept capped if not used.



5. PRE POWER AND CHECKOUT

This Section contains the pre-power and checkout procedure for the SSPB model SSPBM-C80-CSE.

WARNING! The information presented in this Section is addressed to the technicians who have specific training in, and knowledge of the Microwave Power Transmitters. Inappropriate use of an SSPB may cause serious injury to the operator or damage to the equipment. Do not attempt to operate an SSPB before becoming thoroughly familiar with the contents outlined in this Section.

5.1 PRE-POWER PROCEDURES

Before applying prime power to the SSPB, verify that the following conditions are met:

- The voltages of the station AC prime power matches those marked on the ID label; it is 110/220 V AC, 47-63 Hz, single phase, for these units.
- The prime power station is properly grounded.
- All connections are tight, no wires are pinched, and no other hardware has loosened while handling the SSPB.
- The main power switch on the prime power station is turned OFF.
- The RF input and RF output ports are connected to a matched source and a proper load capable to withstand full CW RF power see **TABLE 1** at (page <u>13</u>).
- The heatsink is not obstructed.
- The cooling fans are not obstructed.

CAUTION! Failure to verify these pre-power conditions may damage the SSPB causing it to malfunction. Operating the SSPB before verifying the above conditions may void the warranty.

6. MAINTENANCE

This Section describes the scheduled maintenance procedure for the SSPB.

CAUTION! Improper maintenance of the SSPB may void the warranty.

6.1 PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE

This product requires minimum maintenance, which consists of visual inspection and cleaning.

WARNING! Personnel performing maintenance on this system must have the proper training and become thoroughly familiar with the related safety requirements and issues. Read and practice the safety guidelines as described in (Section <u>1</u> at page <u>6</u>).

6.1.1 MECHANICAL PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE

Mechanical preventive maintenance consists of verifying the condition of all mechanical parts with the AC power switched off. Perform the following inspection:

1. With the AC power disconnected or switched off, check that all of the connectors and plugs are seated properly in their mating-connectors and have not been damaged. Replace any damaged connector plugs and reset any that are dislodged.

Inspect the electrical wiring for signs of discolored, broken or poor insulation. Repair or replace as required.

Check for other defects such as breakage, fungus, deterioration, excess moisture and mounting integrity.

6.1.2 CHECKING THE COOLING FANS

The cooling fans are located at the input connectors side of the shroud of the SSPB. Verify that the fans are operating smoothly. Any suspect noise may indicate wear and the respective fan will have to be replaced. Check for debris or dust in the fans intake and in all openings on the unit. Any obstruction may reduce the efficiency of the cooling system. The fans should be replaced every two years, in order to ensure the proper cooling of the unit.

WARNING: Do not come in contact with any electrical assembly while power is applied.



7. RS-232 SERIAL COMMUNICATION

7.1 HAND-HELD TERMINAL

| 8 | 0 | W | а | t | t | С | - | В | а | n | d | S | S | Ρ | В | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|--|
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| > | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

ENTER ENTER

or H

ENTER

| L | | S | Т | 0 | F | | С | 0 | M | Μ | A | Ν | D | S | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|--|
| S | Τ | Α | | D | i | S | р | | a | У | | S | t | а | t | u | S | |
| R | F | | | S | е | t | | Т | X | | 0 | u | t | р | u | t | | |
| | | | | t | 0 | | 0 | Ν | | 0 | r | | 0 | F | F | | | |

ENTER

| A | Т | Т | | | S | е | t | | A | t | t | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|--|--|
| | | 0 | | 0 | | t | 0 | | 2 | 4 | | 0 | | d | В | | | |
| G | Α | | Ν | | S | е | t | | G | а | i | n | | | | | | |
| | | 4 | 9 | | 0 | | t | 0 | | 6 | 9 | | 0 | | d | В | | |

ENTER

| S | Ε | R | | D | i | S | р | а | у | S | Ν | | | | | |
|---|---|---|--|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| V | Ε | R | | D | i | S | р | а | y | V | е | r | S | i | 0 | n |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

ENTER

| В | Α | U | D | | S | е | t | | R | S | 2 | 3 | 2 | | b | а | u | d | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| R | S | 4 | 8 | 5 | | S | е | t | | R | S | 4 | 8 | 5 | | i | n | t | f |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

ENTER

| Τ | 1 | | S | е | | h | а | n | d | - | h | е | | d | | |
|---|---|--|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|--|
| Τ | 2 | | S | е | I | T | е | r | m | | V | Т | 1 | 0 | 0 | |
| > | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Figure 4: Hand-held Terminal HELP Menu





Figure 5: Hand-held Terminal STATUS Menu

<u>NOTE</u>: The RS-232 serial communication may be achieved with a hand-held terminal or with a PC (Video Terminal VT-100 communication). To set the communication for hand-held terminal, use the command "T1"; to set the communication for VT-100, use the command "T2" (see Figure 4 and Figure 6).



7.2 RS-232 PC TERMINAL

For RS-232 VT communication, use the following communication parameters:

- Bits per second: 9600
- Data Bits: 8
- Parity: None
- Stop bits: 1Flow Control: None

| TABLE 9: SERI | AL INTERFACE RS-232 CONN | ECTION INFO | ORMATION |
|------------------|---|-------------|----------|
| Serial Interface | Active Condition | RS-232 a | t PC Pin |
| RS-232 Pin | Active Condition | DB-9 | DB-25 |
| G | RS232 RXD | 3 | 2 |
| F | RS232 TXD | 2 | 3 |
| J | +5 V DC power source (for Hand- Held Terminal) | - | _ |
| Н | Common | 5 | 7 |



| 🏀 SSPBM-C80-CSE - HyperTerminal | |
|--|-----|
| <u>Eile Edit Vi</u> ew <u>C</u> all <u>T</u> ransfer <u>H</u> elp | |
| | |
| For help on a specific command, type "help <command/> " > help LIST OF COMMANDS status : Display information on System rf : Enable/Disable/Display RF att : Set/Display attenuation gain : Set/Display compensation gain baud : Set/Display baud rate of the selected port rs485 : Set/Display serial numbers update : Display system status at regular time interval reset : Reset main controller without service interruption ver : Display software version I1 : Select hand-held RS232 Terminal I2 : Select VT100 RS232 Terminal help : Display help on commands For help on a specific command, type "help <command/> " | |
| Politierren 0:00:1.3 Mario nerer 1.3000 9-14-1 1.2-4-01 MAW Icabrate Istiticerin | 11. |

Figure 6: HyperTerminal RS-232 Communication – help command and response



| 餐 SSPBM-C80-CSE - HyperTerminal | |
|---|----|
| Eile Edit <u>Vi</u> ew <u>C</u> all <u>T</u> ransfer <u>H</u> elp | |
| | |
| For help on a specific command, type "help <command/> " > status | |
| SSPB STATUS | |
| PLL status : locked Tx output : ON Attenuation : 0.0 dB Gain : 69.0 dB LO Frequency : 4900 MHz Forward Power : 38.4 dBm Temperature : 35.9°C Temp. Shutdown Alarm : no alarm Temp. High Alarm : no alarm PA Fault : no alarm 1:1 Redundency : Stand-alone | × |
| Connected 0:04:55 Auto detect 9600 8-N-1 SCROLL CAPS NUM Capture Print echo | 1. |

Figure 7: HyperTerminal RS-232 Communication – status command and response



| 😤 SSPBM-C80-CSE - HyperTerminal | |
|--|-----|
| <u>File Edit Yiew Call Transfer Help</u> | |
| | |
| For help on a specific command, type "help <command/> " > help rf | |
| DESCRIPTION: Enable/Disable/Display RF | |
| USAGE: rf [<on off="">] <on off=""> : self descriptive if <on off=""> is omitted, display stored value only</on></on></on> | |
| >rf Tx output : ON | |
| >rf off Tx output : OFF | |
| | |
| Connected U:US:S4 JAUG detect 1960U 8-N-1 JSCRULL JCAPS JNUM JCapture JPTINE echo | 11. |

Figure 8: HyperTerminal RS-232 Communication – help rf, rf and rf off commands and responses



| <pre>Ele Edt Yew Call Transfer Help For help on a specific command, type "help <command/>" help att DESCRIPTION: Set/Display attenuation USAGE: att [<attenuation_db>1 <attenuation_db> : attenuation in dB [0.0 to +20.0] if <attenuation_db> is omitted, display stored value only att Attenuation : 0.0 dB gain Gain : 69.0 dB att 6.7 Attenuation : 6.7 dB gain Gain : 62.3 dB </attenuation_db></attenuation_db></attenuation_db></pre> | 4 | SSPBM-C80-CSE - HyperTerminal | <u> </u> |
|--|---------|--|----------|
| For help on a specific command, type "help <command/> " > help att DESCRIPTION: Set/Display attenuation USAGE: att [<attenuation_db>1 <attenuation_db> : attenuation in dB [0.0 to +20.0] if <attenuation_db> is omitted, display stored value only > att Attenuation gain Gain : 69.0 dB > att 6.7 Attenuation Gain : 6.7 dB > gain Gain : 62.3 dB</attenuation_db></attenuation_db></attenuation_db> | Ē | ijle Edit View Call Iransfer Help | |
| <pre>For help on a specific command, type "help <command/>"</pre> | ٢ | | |
| <pre>For help on a specific command, type "help <command/>" > help att DESCRIPTION: Set/Display attenuation USAGE: att [<attenuation_db>] <attenuation_db>] <attenuation_db> : attenuation in dB [0.0 to +20.0] if <attenuation_db> is omitted, display stored value only > att Attenuation : 0.0 dB > gain Gain : 69.0 dB > att 6.7 Attenuation : 6.7 dB > gain Gain : 62.3 dB</attenuation_db></attenuation_db></attenuation_db></attenuation_db></pre> | Ē | | 1-1 |
| DESCRIPTION: Set/Display attenuation USAGE: att [<attenuation_db>1 <attenuation_db> : attenuation in dB [0.0 to +20.0] if <attenuation_db> is omitted, display stored value only > att Attenuation : 0.0 dB > gain Gain : 69.0 dB > att 6.7 Attenuation : 6.7 dB > gain Gain : 62.3 dB</attenuation_db></attenuation_db></attenuation_db> | | For help on a specific command, type "help <command/> " > help att | |
| USAGE: att [<attenuation_db>] <attenuation_db> : attenuation in dB [0.0 to +20.0] if <attenuation_db> is omitted, display stored value only > att Attenuation : 0.0 dB > gain Gain : 69.0 dB > att 6.7 Attenuation : 6.7 dB > gain Gain : 62.3 dB</attenuation_db></attenuation_db></attenuation_db> | | DESCRIPTION: Set/Display attenuation | |
| <pre>> att Attenuation : 0.0 dB > gain Gain : 69.0 dB > att 6.7 Attenuation : 6.7 dB > gain Gain : 62.3 dB</pre> | | USAGE: att [<attenuation_db>] <attenuation_db> : attenuation in dB [0.0 to +20.0] if <attenuation_db> is omitted, display stored value only</attenuation_db></attenuation_db></attenuation_db> | |
| <pre>> gain Gain : 69.0 dB > att 6.7 Attenuation : 6.7 dB > gain Gain : 62.3 dB</pre> | | > att Attenuation : 0.0 dB | |
| > att 6.7 Attenuation : 6.7 dB > gain Gain : 62.3 dB | | > gain Gain : 69.0 dB | |
| > gain Gain : 62.3 dB | | > att 6.7 Attenuation : 6.7 dB | |
| | | > gain Gain : 62.3 dB | |
| | | > | |
| Connected 0:07:37 Auto detect 9600 8-N-1 SCROLL CAPS NUM Capture Print echo | - 0 | onnected 0:07:37 Auto detect 9600 8-N-1 SCROLL CAPS NUM Capture Print echo | |

Figure 9: HyperTerminal RS-232 Communication – help att, att, gain and att <value> commands and responses



| 😤 SSPBM-C80-C5E - HyperTerminal | |
|--|-----|
| Eile Edit <u>Vi</u> ew <u>C</u> all Iransfer <u>H</u> elp | |
| | |
| | |
| For help on a specific command, type "help <command/> " > help gain | |
| DESCRIPTION: Set/Display compensation gain | |
| USAGE: gain [<gain_db>] <gain_db> : gain in dB [+49.0 to +69.0] if <gain_db> is omitted, display stored value only</gain_db></gain_db></gain_db> | |
| > gain Gain : 69.0 dB | |
| > att Attenuation : 0.0 dB | |
| > gain 62.3 Gain : 62.3 dB | |
| > att Attenuation : 6.7 dB > | |
| | J_ |
| Connected 0:08:42 Auto detect 9600 8-N-1 SCROLL CAPS NUM Capture Print echo | 11. |

Figure 10: HyperTerminal RS-232 Communication – help gain, gain, att and gain <value> commands and responses



| 🌺 SSPBM-C80-CSE - HyperTerminal | |
|---|---|
| Elle Edit <u>V</u> iew <u>C</u> all Iransfer <u>H</u> elp | |
| | |
| For help on a specific command, type "help <command/> " > help baud DESCRIPTION: Set/Display baud rate of the selected port | Ĩ |
| USAGE: baud <port> [<speed>]</speed></port> | |
| OPTIONS: <port> : port name [rs232] <speed> : port speed [9600, 19200] if <speed> is omitted, display stored value only</speed></speed></port> | |
| > baud rs232 RS232 Port Baudrate: 9600 Kbps > _ | _ |
| Connected 0:10:01 Auto detect 9600 8-N-1 SCROLL CAPS NUM Capture Print echo | |

Figure 11: HyperTerminal RS-232 Communication – "help baud" and "baud rs232" commands and responses

NOTE: The baud rate may be set only for RS-232 serial interface (to 9600 or to 19200 bauds). After re-setting the baud rate, the communication program used (HyperTerminal or other VT communication programs) must be set for the new baud rate.



| 🏀 SSPBM-C80-CSE - HyperTerminal | -OX | | | | | | | |
|--|-----|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| <u>Eile Edit View Call Iransfer Help</u> | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| For help on a specific command, type "help <command/> " > help rs485 | | | | | | | | |
| DESCRIPTION: Set/Display RS485 port interface | | | | | | | | |
| USAGE: rs485 [<interface>] <interface>: RS485 port interface [binary, ascii, skywan] binary : RS485 port interface in Packet Mode. ascii : RS485 port interface in ASCII Terminal Mode. skywan : RS485 port interface in SkyWan Mode. if <interface> is omitted, display stored value only</interface></interface></interface> | | | | | | | | |
| > rs485 RS485 Port in Binary Mode | | | | | | | | |
| > rs485 ascii RS485 Port in ASCII Mode | | | | | | | | |
| > rs485 binary RS485 Port in Binary Mode | | | | | | | | |
| > | | | | | | | | |
| Connected 0:13:00 Auto detect 9600 8-N-1 SCROLL CAPS NUM Capture Print echo | 11. | | | | | | | |

Figure 12: HyperTerminal RS-232 Communication – "help rs485", "rs485 ascii" and "rs485 binary" commands and responses

NOTE: The rs485 parameter may be set to **ascii**, to **binary**, or to **skywan**.

- When this parameter is set to **ascii**, the RS-485 serial interface will work as a VT serial interface (the same windows as for RS-232 serial interface will be available on RS-485 interface).
- When the rs485 is set to binary, the RS-485 serial interface will work in a packet mode using the communication protocol described in <u>APPENDIX A: RS-485</u>
 <u>SERIAL COMMUNICATION PROTOCOL</u> at page <u>38</u>. In this case, the proposed GUI (see <u>Figure 13</u> at page <u>35</u>) may be used to monitor and control the SSPB.
- When the rs485 is set to skywan, the RS-485 serial interface will work also in a packet mode, but using the SKYWAN communication protocol described in <u>APPENDIX B: RS-485 SKYWAN SERIAL COMMUNICATION PROTOCOL</u> at page <u>42</u>.



8. RS-485 SERIAL COMMUNICATION

The RS-485 serial communication is based on the protocol in <u>11 APPENDIX A: RS-485</u> <u>SERIAL COMMUNICATION PROTOCOL</u> at page <u>38</u>.

Note that in order to connect the RS-485 of the unit to the RS-232 interface of a PC an adequate RS-485/RS-232 adapter should be used.



Figure 13: Graphical User Interface (GUI) – RS-485 Communication based on RS-485 Protocol





9. PACKING LIST

| | TABLE 10: PACKING LIST (P/N 19R-3171A0-3NXC) | | | | | | | | |
|------|---|--|---------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Item | Quantity | Description | Part # | | | | | | |
| 1. | 1 | Installation and Operating Manual | PM 1R0-HN83A0-3NXC Rev. 2 | | | | | | |
| 2. | 1 | C-Band 80 Watt SSPB, model SSPBM-C80-CSE | 1R0-HN83A0-3NXC | | | | | | |
| 3. | 1 | CWR137 W/G Pressure Window Subassembly | 230-160883-001 | | | | | | |
| 4. | 1 | Connector Circular MIL C-5015, Straight Cable Plug, 16 Shell, 3 Socket MS3106F16- 10S (connector for AC LINE connector J5) | 631-310616-001 | | | | | | |
| 5. | 1 | Connector Circular 26482 Straight Plug 12 Shell 10 Sockets J12-10S Water Proof | 631-311612-003 | | | | | | |
| 6. | 2 | Gasket CPR Half WR137 Silicone Non- Conductive | 705-137000-001 | | | | | | |
| 7. | 1 roll | Tape Moisture Sealing/Insulating Flame Retardant (Mastic Tape) | 709-224200-001 | | | | | | |
| 8. | 8 10-32 x 1/2" Mach Screw Hex Head 18-8 Stainless Steel (SS) | | 802-103290-001 | | | | | | |
| 9. | 8 | #10 Split Washer 18-8 SS | 803-100100-001 | | | | | | |
| 10. | 8 | #10 Flat Washer 7/16 OD x 0.20 ID x 0.031 Thick 18-8 SS | 803-100200-001 | | | | | | |



10. SAFETY AND EMC COMPLIANCE

Advantech Wireless products are compliant with the following standards:

SAFETY: IEC 60950-1 second edition 2005

EMC: EN301489-1 2004 (EMC for radio equipment and services, common technical requirements):

EN 55022: 1998 / A1: 2000 - Class A EN61000-4-4 Transient/burst 0.5kV Signal Lines, 1 kV Power Lines EN61000-4-2 Electrostatic discharge 4kV CD, 8 kV AD EN61000-4-5 Surge 1kV, 0.5 kV EN61000-4-11 AC port dips 70%, 40%, 0% EN 61000-4-3 Radiated Immunity 80-1000 MHz @ 3 V/m

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

The products herewith comply with the requirements of the Low Voltage Directive 73/23/EEC and of the EMC Directive 89/336/EEC and may carry the CE-marking accordingly.



11. APPENDIX A: RS-485 SERIAL COMMUNICATION PROTOCOL

11.1 INTRODUCTION

This Section describes the RS485 serial interface for interconnection between External Network Management System (NMS) and Advantech Wireless units.

This protocol supports 2 and 4 wires RS485 interface 9600.N.8.1.

11.2 FRAME STRUCTURE

Each frame starts from start byte 0x55. After this start byte, each frame consists of 7 bytes.

First byte:

Master (NMS) to Slave (Advantech Wireless unit): Address of correspondent Advantech Wireless unit (0x01 to 0x0F).

Slave to Master: When Advantech Wireless unit sends the respond frame to NMS, it left shifts its unit address by 4. For example, unit with address 0x05 will put 0x50 in the address byte.

Second byte:

Master to Slave: Command byte. The command codes are described in <u>TABLE 11</u>. Slave to Master: First data or status byte

Third, forth, fifth and sixth bytes:

Master to Slave: Value of parameter or expansion of command (third byte if applicable) Slave to Master: Remaining data or status bytes

Seventh byte:

Check sum, calculated as algebraic sum of bytes 1 to 6.

All not used bytes always - 0xAA.

Format for gain, attenuation, level and temperature is a 2-bytes hexadecimal value in 0.1 dB, 0.1dBm, 0.1 degree (signed integer).



11.3 COMMANDS

These commands go only from master-slave direction.

| | TABLE 11: COMMANDS | | | | | | | | |
|----|-----------------------------------|------------------|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| No | Description | 3, 4, 5 &6 bytes | Respond. 2,3,4,5,6 bytes. | | | | | | |
| 1 | Request condition status | 0x01 or 0x2A | 0xAA AA AA AA | See TABLE 12 | | | | | |
| 2 | Mute/Unmute command | 0x02 | 0x5A AA AA AA AA To mute 0xA5 AA AA AA To unmute | See TABLE 12 | | | | | |
| 3 | Change Unit Address | 0x03 | Byte 3 = Unit Address Valid address = 0x01 to 0x0F Byte 4,5,6 : 0xA5 | See TABLE 12 | | | | | |
| 4 | Set gain/attenuation. | 0x05 | Byte 3=0x5A To set Gain Byte 3=0x55 To set Attenuation Byte 4,5: Gain/Attenuation value to set Byte 6: 0xAA | See <u>TABLE 12</u> | | | | | |
| 5 | Read Identification | 0x07 | 0xAA AA AA AA | See TABLE 13 | | | | | |
| 6 | Read serial number | 0x08 | 0xAA AA AA AA | 5 ASCII characters | | | | | |
| 7 | Read gain/attenuation | 0x0A | 0x5A AA AA AA AA To read gain 0x55 AA AA AA To read attenuation | Byte 2, 3: Gain value | | | | | |
| 8 | Read elapse time (future cmd) | 0x0C | 0xAA AA AA AA | Byte 2, 3: days Byte 4: hours. Byte 5,6: 0xAA | | | | | |
| 9 | Read gain/attenuation range | 0x0D | 0x5A AA AA AA AA To read gain range 0x55 AA AA AA To read attenuation range | See <u>TABLE 14</u> | | | | | |
| 10 | Read Hot Spot temperature | 0x12 | 0χΑΑ ΑΑ ΑΑ ΑΑ | Byte 2, 3: Temperature Byte 4,5,6: 0xAA | | | | | |
| 11 | Read forward power level | 0x25 | 0xAA AA AA AA | Byte 2,3: Forward power Byte 4,5,6: 0xAA | | | | | |



11.4 RESPONSES TO COMMANDS FROM SLAVE TO MASTER

11.4.1 CONDITION STATUS RESPONSE

| TABLE 12: CONDITION STATUS RESPONSE | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|--|--|--|
| Bit No | 2nd byte | 3rd byte | 4 th byte | 5 th byte | 6 th byte | | | |
| 0 | | | | Status 1-on, 0-off | 0 | | | |
| 1 | | | | 1- Sum Alarm | 0 | | | |
| 2 | | Output level 0x00 | Output level Output level 0x00 | | 0 | | | |
| 3 | Output level | | | | 0 | | | |
| 4 | MS byte LS byte | | Power class 5 bits | 0 | | | | |
| 5 | | | | From 30dBm – step 1 | 0 | | | |
| 6 | | | dBm (0=30dBm) | 0 | | | | |
| 7 | | | | | 0 | | | |



11.4.2 READ IDENTIFICATION RESPONSE

| TABLE 13: READ IDENTIFICATION RESPONSE | | | | | | | | | |
|---|----------------------|--|--|----------------------|----------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Bit No | 2 nd byte | 3 rd byte | 4 th byte | 5 th byte | 6 th byte | | | | |
| 0 | 1 – Up | 1- Rx spectrum inv 0- not Rx spectrum inv | 0x00 - N/A 0x01 - 70 to L | | | | | | |
| 1 | 1 – Down | 0 | 0x02 - 70 to C | | | | | | |
| 2 | 1 – PA | 0 | 0x03 – 70 to Ku 0x04 – 140 to L | | Software | | | | |
| 3 | 0 | 0 | 0x05 - 140 to C | 0x00 | version | | | | |
| 4 | 0 | 0 | 0x06 – 140 to Ku | | number | | | | |
| 5 | 0 | 0 | 0x07 –L to C | | 0xXX | | | | |
| 6 | 0 | 0 | 0x08 –L to Ku | | | | | | |
| 7 | 0 | 0 | 0x09 – L Interface 0x0A – L to DBS 0x0B – L to X | | | | | | |

11.4.3 READ GAIN/ATTENUATION RANGE RESPONSE

| | TABLE 14: READ GAIN/ATTENUATION RANGE RESPONSE | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|-----------------------------|------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Bit No | t No 2^{nd} byte 3^{rd} byte 4^{th} byte 5^{th} byte 6^{th} by | | | | | | | | | |
| $ \begin{array}{r} 0 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \\ 5 \\ 6 \\ 7 \\ \end{array} $ | MS byte minimum value | LS byte minimum value | 0x5A | MS byte maximum value | LS byte maximum value | | | | | |



12. APPENDIX B: RS-485 SKYWAN SERIAL COMMUNICATION PROTOCOL

For remote operation, the SSPB is equipped with a monitor and control function. The M&C function contains all of the relevant data concerning the control and status signals of the SSPB. This is achieved by using a four-wire RS485 signal.

12.1 HARDWARE CONSIDERATIONS

In order to use the RS485 serial communication between a DB-9 serial connector of a PC and the 25-pin MS connector (J3) of the SSPB, or the 15-pin MS connector (J2) of the SSPB, an adaptor RS-485/RS-232 should be used. Follow the wiring described in **TABLE 7**.

12.2 RS-485 INTERFACE ON 4 WIRES

This is a 4-wire full-duplex interface.

In order to maintain synchronization, the RS485 receiver will reset if a message is not completed within 50 msec of initiation.

12.3 TRANSMISSION PROTOCOL

| Baud Rate | 9600 bps |
|-----------------------|----------|
| Data Bits | 8 |
| Parity | none |
| Stop Bits | 1 |
| Minim Response Time | 10 msec |
| Maximum Response Time | 20 msec |

If the SSPB does not respond within the maximum response time, the controller should cyclically repeat the command.

The SSPB is equipped with a calibrated power sensor for measuring the power delivered to the antenna from the rated output value to the 20-dB back off. This value, in dBm, is available through the M&C RS485 Interface for the monitoring of the power level and the ALC. The reported power accuracy is ± 1.0 dB absolute and ± 0.5 dB relative.

12.3.1 TRANSMISSION INTERFACE

A request packet (see <u>TABLE 15</u>) is sent by the IDU and the respective response packet (see <u>TABLE 16</u>) by the SSPB. The IDU is the bus master. The SSPB is only allowed to respond if the first byte of the request packet matches its address and the checksum is consistent.

Upon reception of a request packet the SSPB will perform the following consistency checks:

- 1) Verify that the checksum is consistent.
- 2) Verify that the packet address corresponds with the SSPB address.
- 3) Verify that the received command corresponds to a defined command.
- 4) Verify that, if data is required for the command, its value is valid.

If the received packet passes test (1) and test (2) but fails in test (3) or in test (4), a response packet will be returned. Bit #2 of byte #5 will be set to 1 to indicate that an inconsistency was detected in the request packet.



12.3.2 COMMAND MESSAGE STRUCTURE (IDU TO SSPB)

| TABLE 15: COMMAND MESSAGE STRUCTURE | | | | | | | | |
|--|-------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Byte | Name | Value | | | | | | |
| 1 | Address | Address of SSPB | 0x01 to 0x0F | | | | | |
| 2 | Command | Request Status Transmit ON/OFF | 0x01 0x02 | | | | | |
| | | Change Address Set Input Frequency | 0x03 0x04 | | | | | |
| 3 | Data Byte 1 | Not applicable for these units Not used if command = $0x01$ Tx control if command = $0x02$ New address if command = $0x03$ Input Frequency if command = $0x04$ Not applicable for these units | Not applicable for these units 0xAA 0 = OFF, 1 = ON 0x01 to $0x0FMS byte (most significant byte)Not applicable for these units$ | | | | | |
| 4 | Data Byte 2 | Not used if command = $0x01$ Not used if command = $0x02$ Not used if command = $0x03$ Input Frequency if command = $0x04$ Not applicable for these units | 0xAA 0xAA 0xAA LS byte (least significant byte) Not applicable for these units | | | | | |
| 5 | Data Byte 3 | Not used | 0xAA | | | | | |
| 6 | Data Byte 4 | Not used | 0xAA | | | | | |
| 7 | Checksum | Algebraic sum of bytes 1 – 6, modulo 256 | | | | | | |



12.3.3 RESPONSE MESSAGE STRUCTURE (SSPB TO IDU)

| TABLE 16: RESPONSE MESSAGE STRUCTURE | | | | | | | | |
|---|---------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Byte | Name | Value | | | | | | |
| 1 | Address | Address of SSPB shifted left by 4 | 0x10 to 0xF0 | | | | | |
| 2 | Level Byte 1 | MS byte of Tx output power | - | | | | | |
| 3 | Level Byte 2 | LS byte of Tx output power | - | | | | | |
| 4 | Temperature | Hot Spot Temperature in °C | - | | | | | |
| 5 | Status Byte 1 | Bit 0: Temperature out of range | 1: OOR, 0: normal | | | | | |
| | | Bit 1: PLL out of lock | 1: OOL, 0: normal | | | | | |
| | | Bit 2: Checksum error | 1: error in command message, | | | | | |
| | | | 0: normal | | | | | |
| | | Bit 3: Tx Status | 1: Tx ON, 0: Tx OFF | | | | | |
| | | Bit 4 – 7: Power Class | 0x1 to 0xF | | | | | |
| 6 | Status Byte 2 | Bits 0 – 3: Not used | 0xAA | | | | | |
| | | Bits 4 – 7: Software Version | 0x0 to 0xF | | | | | |
| 7 | Checksum | Algebraic sum of bytes 1 - 6 | | | | | | |

12.3.4 DATA FIELD DEFINITIONS

- 1)Tx Power Level:Unsigned integer in 1/100 dBm
- 2) Input Frequency: Unsigned integer in MHz (Not applicable for these units)
- 3) Temperature: Signed character in °C
- 4) Power Class: See table below. (Power levels for the Ku-Band are included).

| Value | 0x1 | 0x2 | 0x3 | 0x4 | 0x5 | 0x6 | 0x7 | 0x8 | 0x9 | 0xA | 0xB | 0xC |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|
| Power | 2W | 4W | 5W | 8W | 10W | 16W | 20W | 25W | 40W | 60W | 30W | 125W |